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## Mails.

## NORDDEUTSCHER LLOYD, THE YOKOHAMA DOCK CO., LTD.

BREMEN.

## IMPERIAL GERMAN MAIL LINES.

FOR STEAMERS TO SAIL

NAPLES, GENOA, ALGIERS, GIBRALTAR, SOUTHAMPTON, ANTWERP and BREMEN. "PRINZ LUDWIG" Capt. F. V. Blotter. WEDNESDAY, 7th April, Noon.

SHANGHAI, NAGASAKI, KOBE, and YOKOHAMA. "BULO" Capt. H. Formes. About WEDNESDAY, 7th April.

MANILA, YAP, NEWGUINEA, BRISBANE, SYDNEY and MELBOURNE. "PRINZ SIGISMUND" Capt. D. Lenz. FRIDAY, 9th April, 10 A.M.

For further Particulars apply to

NORDDEUTSCHER LLOYD.

MELCHERS &amp; CO.,

GENERAL AGENTS, HONGKONG &amp; CHINA.

Hongkong, 2nd April, 1909.

## MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.

## FRENCH MAIL LINES.

POST-NIGHTLY SERVICE TO and FROM EUROPE via SUEZ CANAL.  
TO and FROM JAPAN via SHANGHAI.

FOR STEAMERS CAPTAINS TO SAIL ON

SHANGHAI, KOBE, YOKOHAMA, TOKYO, and MANILA. "CHARBONNET" Capt. Charbonnet. 12th April, P.M.

MARSEILLES, VIA PORTS. "DALENDON" Capt. Bruno. 13th April, at 1 P.M.

SHANGHAI, KOBE, YOKOHAMA, OCAZANEN. "MAGDA" Capt. Magda. 16th April, P.M.

MARSEILLES, VIA PORTS. "ERNEST SIMONS" Capt. Girard. 17th April, at 1 P.M.

Transshipment on the Co's Steamers at Singapore for Batavia; at Colombo for Calcutta, Bombay and Australia; at Port Said for the Levant, Constantinople and Black Sea.

Through Tickets to London via Paris from £17.10 up to £71.10. 20 hours' railway from Marseilles to London.

Interpreters meet passengers at their arrival in Marseilles.

For further particulars, apply to

P. de CHAMPMORIN,

AGENT.

QUEEN'S BUILDING.

Hongkong, 30th March, 1909.

## MESSAGERIES CANTONNAISES.

FRENCH LINE OF STEAMERS BETWEEN HONGKONG, CANTON AND KOWANG-SI.

S.S. "PAUL BEAU," 1,900 tons, 14 knots.  
S.S. "CHARLES HARDOUIN," 1,900 tons, 14 knots.

The speediest, most luxuriously appointed and punctual steamers on the line.  
Departure from Hongkong at 10 P.M. (Saturdays excepted).  
Departure from Canton at 5.15 P.M. (Sundays excepted).

These superb steamers carry on the French Mail are fitted throughout with Electric Light and Fans and were specially built for this trade. Excellent cuisine.

The Company's Own Wharf near Wing Lok Street and its berth in Canton opposite Shamoen.

For further particulars, please apply to the COMPANY'S OFFICE at Shamoen, Canton, or to their Agents

Hongkong, 9th October, 1908.

BARRETTO &amp; CO., Hongkong.

## Mutimations

## THE YOKOHAMA DOCK CO., LTD.

## No. 1 DOCK.

Length inside 514 ft. Width of entrance, top 95 ft., bottom 75 ft. Water on blocks, 27.5 ft. Time to pump out, 4 hours.

## No. 2 DOCK.

Length inside, 375 ft. Width of entrance, top 80.5 ft., bottom 45.5 ft. Water on blocks, 26.5 ft. Time to pump out, 3 hours.

THESE DOCKS are conveniently situated in Yokohama harbour and the attention of Captains and Engineers is respectfully called to the advantages offered for Docking and repairing Vessels and Machinery of every description.

The plant and tools are of recent pattern for dealing quickly and cheaply with work and a large stock of material is always at hand, (plates and angles all being tested by Lloyd's surveyors).

Two powerful Twin Screw Tugs are available for taking Vessels in or out of Dock, and for taking Sailing Vessels in or out of the bay. The floating derrick is capable of lifting 15 tons.

Steam Launches of Steel or Wood, Lighters, Steel Buildings and Roofs, Bridge Work, and all kinds of Machinery are made on the premises.

Tenders will be made up when required and the workmanship and material will be guaranteed.

The cost of Docking, and repair work, will be found to compare favourably with that of any port in the world.

Telephone: Nos. 376, 506, or 681.

Telegrams, "Dock, Yokohama," Codes A. B. C. 4th and 5th Edt.

Liebers, Scotts, A. I. and Watkins.

Yokohama, May 13rd, 1905.

## PHILATELIC NOVELTY

suitable for PRESENTS.

## BAGS OF USED POSTAGE STAMPS.

All Asiatic Stamps.	All Chinese Stamps.
4,000 for \$5.00	4,000 for \$4.50
3,000 " 3.00	3,000 " 3.50
2,000 " 2.00	2,000 " 2.50
1,000 " 1.00	1,000 " 1.50
500 " .50	500 " .75

Also Stamps in Packets and Sets, and other Philatelic Requisites at prices to suit every body.

## VIEW POSTCARDS, ALBUMS, HINGES.

RAPHAEL TUCK'S TOY BOOKS AND RELIEF SCRAPES.

MANILA CIGARS AND CIGARETTES, &amp;c., &amp;c., &amp;c.

Inspection invited.

GRACA &amp; CO.,

No. 27, Des Voeux Road.

[56]

## PEAK TRAMWAYS COMPANY, LIMITED.

## TIME TABLE.

## WEEK-DAYS.

7.00 a.m. to 10.00 a.m. ... Every 10 minutes.  
10.00 a.m. to 11.00 a.m. ... Every 15 minutes.  
11.00 a.m. to 12.45 p.m. ... Every 15 minutes.  
12.45 p.m. to 1.15 p.m. ... Every 15 minutes.  
1.15 p.m. to 1.45 p.m. ... Every 15 minutes.  
1.45 p.m. to 2.15 p.m. ... Every 15 minutes.  
2.15 p.m. to 3.00 p.m. ... Every 15 minutes.  
3.00 p.m. to 5.00 p.m. ... Every 15 minutes.  
5.00 p.m. to 8.00 p.m. ... Every 15 minutes.

## NIGHT CARS.

8.45 p.m. to 1.15 p.m. ... Every half hour.  
1.15 p.m. to 1.45 p.m. ... Every 15 minutes.

## SUNDAYS.

8.00 a.m. to 9.00 a.m. ... Every 15 minutes.  
9.00 a.m. to 10.00 a.m. ... Every 15 minutes.  
10.00 a.m. to 11.00 a.m. ... Every 15 minutes.  
11.00 a.m. to 12.00 p.m. ... Every 15 minutes.  
12.00 p.m. to 1.00 p.m. ... Every 15 minutes.  
1.00 p.m. to 2.00 p.m. ... Every 15 minutes.  
2.00 p.m. to 3.00 p.m. ... Every 15 minutes.  
3.00 p.m. to 5.00 p.m. ... Every 15 minutes.  
5.00 p.m. to 8.00 p.m. ... Every 15 minutes.

## NIGHT CARS on Week Days.

## SATURDAYS.

Extra car at 1.15 p.m., 1.45 p.m., and 11.45 p.m.

SPECIAL CARS by Arrangement at the Company's Office, ALEXANDRA BUILDING, Des Voeux Road Central.

JOHN D. HUMPHREYS & SON, General Managers, Hongkong, 1st April, 1909.

## SAINT-RAPHAEL

## TONIC, RESTORATIVE, DIGESTIVE WINE. Very palatable.

Known throughout the world and prescribed in all cases of Anemia, Debility and Constipation, to young women, children and the aged. Invaluable in hot climates.

Each bottle of genuine VIN SAINT-RAPHAEL bears, in addition to the registered trade-mark,

(1) A METAL SEAL with the words "VIN SAINT-RAPHAEL" and (2) A METAL SEAL with the words "VIN SAINT-RAPHAEL" and (3) A METAL SEAL with the words "VIN SAINT-RAPHAEL" and (4) A METAL SEAL with the words "VIN SAINT-RAPHAEL" and (5) A METAL SEAL with the words "VIN SAINT-RAPHAEL" and (6) A METAL SEAL with the words "VIN SAINT-RAPHAEL" and (7) A METAL SEAL with the words "VIN SAINT-RAPHAEL" and (8) A METAL SEAL with the words "VIN SAINT-RAPHAEL" and (9) A METAL SEAL with the words "VIN SAINT-RAPHAEL" and (10) A METAL SEAL with the words "VIN SAINT-RAPHAEL" and (11) A METAL SEAL with the words "VIN SAINT-RAPHAEL" and (12) A METAL SEAL with the words "VIN SAINT-RAPHAEL" and (13) A METAL SEAL with the words "VIN SAINT-RAPHAEL" and (14) A METAL SEAL with the words "VIN SAINT-RAPHAEL" and (15) A METAL SEAL with the words "VIN SAINT-RAPHAEL" and (16) A METAL SEAL with the words "VIN SAINT-RAPHAEL" and (17) A METAL SEAL with the words "VIN SAINT-RAPHAEL" and (18) A METAL SEAL with the words "VIN 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## Intimation.

## Powell's

are now showing  
special cretonne and  
curtain designs for  
the spring season

## CURTAIN

Madras Muslins in white  
or Eoru with plain,  
Frilled or Fanny  
Bordered Edges  
from 80 cts.  
per yard

## AND

Plain and Figured  
Harness and Book  
Muslins in White  
and Eoru

Brise Biso  
Blinds and Screens

## GRETONNE

Very special Plain Book  
Muslin Curtains,  
Frilled, 3 sides, in  
White only 3  
yards long  
\$5.75 per pr.  
4 yards long  
\$7.50 per  
pair

## SHOW

New patterns in Lace  
Curtains from \$5.00  
per pair 4 yards long

## SEE

Latest white ground  
and floral designs in  
washing Cretonne  
for loose covers  
and curtains

## WINDOWS

## POWELL'S

ALEXANDRA  
BUILDINGS,  
and

28, Queen's Road.

## Intimations.

## HONGKONG JOCKEY CLUB

## NOTICE.

THE HALF-YEARLY MEETING of  
the above Club will be held on SATUR-  
DAY, the 17th April, 1909, at 12.30 P.M., at the  
Office of the Jockey Club on the ground floor  
of the Hongkong Club Annex, Chater Road.

By Order,  
T. F. HOUGH,  
Clerk of the Course.  
Hongkong, 3rd April, 1909. [319]

## NOTICE.

MR. LI HON FAN, a Chinese graduate  
versed in literature, has been a teacher  
to European officials and merchants in this  
Colony for over ten years.

He has a good method of training Euro-  
peans to pass in the Chinese examination, and  
is possessed of a first rate certificate as a  
Chinese teacher.

Those who intend learning the Chinese  
language are requested to write care of  
Hongkong Telegraph office or direct to 37,  
Hollywood Road, and floor.

Hongkong, 27th February, 1909. [319]

## THE DAIRY FARM CO., LD.

WE are Specializing in a Line of  
BACON and HAM.

## EXCEPTIONAL QUALITY.

Only 60 cents a lb.

Cut or Uncut.

Hongkong, 27th March, 1909. [391]

## THE DAIRY FARM CO., LD.

## BUTTER.

"BUTTERCUP" Brand ..... 73 cents per lb  
"DAIRYMAID" " ..... 75 " "  
"DAISY" " ..... 80 " "

ALSO

FINE PASTRY BUTTER ..... 60 " "

BEST COOKING BUTTER ..... 40 " "

On and after 1st April, we will  
make no extra charge for cash  
purchases in small money.

Hongkong, 27th March, 1909. [397]

## F. BLACKHEAD &amp; Co.,

SHIP-CHANDLERS, SAILMAKERS,  
COAL AND PROVISION MER-  
CHANTS, NAVAL CONTRACTORS  
AND GENERAL COMMISSION  
AGENTS.

GROUND FLOOR,  
ST. GEORGE'S BUILDING,  
HONGKONG,  
SOAP AND SODA MANUFACTURERS

SOLE AGENTS FOR  
HARTMANN'S RAHTJENS' GENUINE  
COMPOSITION RED HAND  
BRAND, HARTMANN'S GREY PAINT,  
DANIEL'S PATENT MOTOR  
LAUNCHES,  
&c., &c.

Sole Agents for  
FERGUSON'S SPECIAL CREAM  
and  
& O. SPECIAL LIQUOR SOOTH  
WHISKY, &c.

EVERY KIND OF  
SHIPS STORES AND REQUISITES  
ALWAYS IN STOCK  
AT  
REASONABLE PRICES.  
Hongkong, 27th March, 1909. [31]



## GUNS

DIRECT from the manufacturers at lowest  
prices. 12-bore Double Breechloaders  
from 30s each. Illustrated catalogue of  
latest model Shot Guns, Combination Guns,  
Sporting Rifles, &c., post free. D. JAMES &  
REYNOLDS, George Street, Minorities, Lon-  
don, E.C. England. 1884

THERAPION MAY NOW ALSO BE OBTAINED  
IN DRAGEE (TASTELESS) FORM.  
SELF-CURE NO FICTION!  
MARVEL UPON MARVEL!  
NO SUFFERER  
NOW DESPAIR!

It is interesting to know, in connection with  
the late Sir Augustus Harris's connection with  
the idea, that his daughter, Miss Glosoppe  
Harris, will design all the feminine costumes.

CHARITABLE OBJECT.  
The entire proceeds of the production will  
be devoted to charity, and it is proposed, at  
present, to allot them as follows:

One quarter to King Edward VII.'s Hospital  
Fund.

One quarter to the charities of the Church of  
England.

One quarter to the charities of the Holy  
Catholic Church.

One quarter to the Comptess of Aberdeen's  
fund for the prevention of tuberculosis in  
Ireland.

It has been decided that the creation, in its  
treatment and teaching, shall be entirely non-  
sectarian.

Mr. Tussaud told the *Morning Leader* re-  
presentative that the entire production would  
cost about £30,000, and this sum was being  
found by himself and his friends.

## THE LIFE OF CHRIST

## TO BE REPRESENTED IN TABLEUX.

Mr. Louis Tussaud, the well-known artist, is  
responsible for a remarkable artistic scheme  
on a scale which has never been attempted  
before.

The Bible story of the life of Christ has been  
responsible for the 'appliance of many of the  
world's finest pictures, and Mr. Tussaud has  
the same wonderful subject, treating it, how-  
ever, in quite a novel way. Instead of pictures  
he will depict the life of Christ in a series of  
tableaux, the figures being modelled in wax.

## ATTENTION TO DETAIL.

All the principal incidents in the career  
of the founder of Christianity will be shown,  
and nothing has been spared—neither time,  
money, nor work—to make the incidents as  
realistic as possible. At first bearing it  
may appear that the scheme is rather a dan-  
gerous one, and possibly of rather doubtful selec-  
tion, but it may be at once said that the Archbishop  
of Canterbury has expressed his approval in an  
interview with Mr. Tussaud, although his Grace  
has yet to approve of the figures themselves.

When the idea was submitted to Father  
Bernard Vaughan he immediately and whole-  
heartedly endorsed it.

"Your idea," he wrote, "of presenting a  
realistic life of our Lord in a series of tableaux  
made in your own modelling is admirable." Father  
Vaughan then drew up a series of 36  
tableaux himself.

In order to ensure that each tableau should  
be treated with due reverence he further con-  
sidered not only to pass each figure and scene  
from the ecclesiastical and reverential point  
of view, but to write a concise account of each  
tableau embodying the lessons conveyed by the  
representations. The idea is to produce this  
in book form to illustrate the production.

Mr. Tussaud's idea is to exhibit the figures  
and the tableaux in the Albert Hall some time  
in the late summer. There are at present 37  
tableaux, and they will be so arranged that  
only one can be seen at a time. The whole of  
the huge arena will be taken up, and scenes  
will unfold themselves in historic order  
from the Annunciation to the Ascension.

## A HUGE TASK.

The task, of course, has been a gigantic one.  
The appearance and the dressing of  
each figure will be as historically accurate  
as it is possible to make it, and this alone  
has entailed a vast amount of labour and read-  
ing. Mr. Tussaud has personally consulted  
the highest authorities available, he has visited  
the principal galleries in Europe and he has  
studied the writings of innumerable historians.

Messrs. G. Jackson and Sons, Limited, the  
architectural craftsmen, of Rathbone-place,  
have also placed their splendid resources at  
Mr. Tussaud's service, and an expert from  
each department is assisting him.

The conception of the idea, Mr. Tussaud  
told a *Morning Leader* representative yester-  
day, came from the late Sir Augustus  
Harris. He was particularly enthusiastic  
about it. Unfortunately his death prevented  
his taking an active part in the scheme, and  
Mr. Tussaud had to fall back on his own ideas  
and resources for its completion.

Mr. Tussaud took the *Morning Leader*  
representative yesterday through his many  
studios, where the figures are being prepared.  
Mr. Helmsley, the well-known scenic artist,  
was also there superintending.

The tableaux already decided on are:

Annunciation, Visitation, No Room in  
Inn, Shepherds and Gloria in Excelsis,  
Nativity, With Shepherds, Wise Men, Offer-  
ings of Magi, Flight into Egypt, Sojourn  
in Egypt, Vision of St. Joseph, Nazareth,  
Workshop, The City seated on the Hill,  
Finding Him in the Temple, The Death of  
St. Joseph, The Baptism of St. John, The Call  
of St. Peter, Nicodemus with Christ at Jacob's  
Well, The Multiplication of Loaves, Our  
Lord walking on the water, Magdalen, The  
Entry into Jerusalem, The Last Supper, in the  
Garden of Gethsemane, The Betrayal with a  
Kiss, "You have heard the blasphemy," Christ  
mocked, crowned with thorns, Pilate wash-  
ing his hands, Herod's Temple, Carrying the  
Cross, The Crucifixion, The Burial, The Res-  
urrection, Magdalen and the Garden, The  
Communion, Ascension from Mount Olivet.

The most difficult tableau to treat—the Crucifixion—is now nearing completion. Christ will  
be shown on the Cross with a thief on each side  
of Him.

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the late Sir Augustus Harris's connection with  
the idea, that his daughter, Miss Glosoppe  
Harris, will design all the feminine costumes.

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Mr. Tussaud told the *Morning Leader* re-  
presentative that the entire production would  
cost about £30,000, and this sum was being  
found by himself and his friends.

## To Let.

## TO LET.

ROOMS suitable for Offices in No. 10, ICE  
HOUSE STREET, in rear of David  
Sassoon & Co's premises.

CHAMBERS with Bathroom and use of  
Kitchen in No. 35, WINDHAM STREET  
known as "College Chambers."

Apply to—  
DAVID SASSOON & Co., Ltd.  
Hongkong, 1st April, 1909. [313]

## TO LET.

SHOP and DWELLING HOUSE, No. 78,  
Queen's Road Central.

Apply to—  
S. J. DAVID & Co.,  
Prince's Buildings.  
Hongkong, 25th March, 1909. [392]

## TO LET.

NO. 3 CLIFTON GARDENS, CONDUIT  
ROAD.

A HOUSE in WONG-NEI-CHONG ROAD.  
A HOUSE in RIFON TERRACE.

OFFICES in YORK BUILDING.  
GODOWNS in PRAYA EAST, BLUE  
BUILDING, and No. 128, DES VUEX  
ROAD next to the Hongkong Hotel.

FLATS in MORETON TERRACE.  
No. 10, DES VUEX ROAD CENTRAL,  
1st Floor.

Apply to—  
THE HONGKONG LAND INVEST-  
MENT & AGENCY CO., LD.  
Hongkong, 1st April, 1909. [351]

## TO LET.

NOS. 51, 53, & 55, WONG-NEI-CHUNG  
ROAD.

Apply to—  
HONGKONG & KOWLOON LAND  
& LOAN CO., LTD.  
No. 8, Queen's Road West.

Hongkong, 9th March, 1909. [248]

## TO LET.

GODOWN No. 54, DUDDELL STREET.

Apply to—  
THE HONGKONG LAND INVEST-  
MENT & AGENCY CO., LD.  
Hongkong, 1st April, 1909. [352]

## TO LET.

TWO AIRY ROOMS in a house on  
BRILLIANT TERRACE, first row, entrance  
from Robinson Road. Moderate Rental. For  
particulars, apply to—

"HOUSEHOLDER,"  
C/o Hongkong Telegraph.  
Hongkong, 5th March, 1909. [359]

## TO LET.

OFFICE and ROOMS on the 1st and 2nd  
floors of No. 14, Des Vieux Road  
Central (formerly occupied by Messrs. Shaw,  
Tomes & Co.). Rents low.

Apply to—  
THE COMPADORE DEPARTMENT,  
E. D. SASSOON & Co.,  
Queen's Road Central.

Hongkong, 24th February, 1909. [188]

## Intimations.

## HONGKONG ICE COMPANY, LIMITED.

IT is hereby notified that on and after this  
date, the selling price of ice, will be  
reduced to HALF A CENT per pound.

JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd.,  
General Managers,  
HONGKONG ICE COMPANY, LIMITED.  
Hongkong, 11th March, 1909. [252]

PAEST BREWING COMPANY,  
MILWAUKEEFRESH SUPPLIES  
ALWAYS KEPT IN STOCK

BY  
SIEMSEN & Co.,  
Agents for  
HONGKONG & SOUTH CHINA.

Hongkong, 10th July, 1907. [151]

THERAPION MAY NOW ALSO BE OBTAINED  
IN DRAGEE (TASTELESS) FORM.

## THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY

TRADE MARK

This successful and highly popular remedy, used in  
the Continental Hospitals by Surgeon-General Robert  
Vulpin and others, combines all the desiderata to be  
desired in a medicine of this kind, and surpasses every-  
thing hitherto employed.

THERAPION No. 1 is a  
daily short time, often a few days only, requires all dis-  
turbances, effectively supplanting the use of  
drugs, and does not involve any of the dangers of  
drugs, and other serious diseases. In dysentery, colic,  
and some of the most trying complaints of this kind, it  
will be found astonishingly efficacious, affording prompt  
relief where other remedies have been powerless.

THERAPION No. 2 is a  
daily short time, often a few days only, requires all dis-  
turbances, effectively supplanting the use of  
drugs, and does not involve any of the dangers of  
drugs, and other serious diseases. In dysentery, colic,  
and some of the most trying complaints of this kind, it  
will be found astonishingly efficacious, affording prompt  
relief where other remedies have been powerless.

THERAPION No. 3 is a  
daily short time, often a few days only, requires all dis-  
turbances, effectively supplanting the use of  
drugs, and does not involve any of the dangers of  
drugs, and other serious diseases. In dysentery, colic,  
and some of the most trying complaints of this kind, it  
will be found astonishingly efficacious, affording prompt  
relief where other remedies have been powerless.

THERAPION No. 4 is a  
daily short time, often a few days only, requires all dis-  
turbances, effectively supplanting the use of  
drugs, and does not involve any of the dangers of  
drugs, and other serious diseases. In dysentery, colic,  
and some of the most trying complaints of this kind, it  
will be found astonishingly efficacious, affording prompt  
relief where other remedies have been powerless.

THERAPION No. 5 is a  
daily short time, often a few days only, requires all dis-  
turbances, effectively supplanting the use of  
drugs, and does not involve any of the dangers of  
drugs, and other serious diseases. In dysentery, colic,  
and some of the most trying complaints of this kind, it  
will be found astonishingly efficacious, affording prompt  
relief where other remedies have been powerless.

THERAPION No. 6 is a  
daily short time, often a few days only, requires all dis-  
turbances, effectively supplanting the use of  
drugs, and does not involve any of the dangers of  
drugs, and other serious diseases. In dysentery, colic,  
and some of the most trying complaints of this kind, it  
will be found astonishingly efficacious, affording prompt  
relief where other remedies have been powerless.

THERAPION No. 7 is a  
daily short time, often a few days only, requires all dis-  
turbances, effectively supplanting the use of  
drugs, and does not involve any of the dangers of  
drugs, and other serious diseases. In dysentery, colic,  
and some of the most trying complaints of this kind, it  
will be found astonishingly efficacious, affording prompt  
relief where other remedies have been powerless.

THERAPION No. 8 is a  
daily short time, often a few days only, requires all dis-  
turbances, effectively supplanting the use of  
drugs, and does not involve any of the dangers of  
drugs, and other serious diseases. In dysentery, colic,  
and some of the most trying complaints of this kind, it  
will be found astonishingly efficacious, affording prompt  
relief where other remedies have been powerless.

## Entertainment

## COMING! COMING!

THE  
HIPPODROME  
CIRCUS &  
MENAGERIE.

## LOCATION:

CAUSEWAY BAY.

## WATCH THE DATE.

Box Plan ROBINSON PLANO CO.

A JACKSON,

Representative.

Hongkong, 5th April, 1909. [322]

## Intimations.

THE  
CHINA PROVIDENT LOAN AND  
MORTGAGE CO., LD.

(CAPITAL PAID UP ..... \$1,250,000)

Loans on Mortgage of House Property, &c.  
Goods received on Storage.  
Advances made on Merchandise.

Loans made on the Provident System.  
(Rates and Particulars on application).

THE OFFICE OF  
TRUSTEE, EXECUTOR OF WILLS,  
ATTORNEY, &c.,  
Undertaken and Executed.

SHEWAN, TOMES & CO.,  
General Managers.  
Hongkong, 10th March, 1908. [151]

## DON'T BUY

ELSEWHERE BEFORE YOU CALL AT

## FRENCH STORE

(Opposite ASTOR HOUSE).

## NOW SHOWING

A Large and Fancy Assortment of

The Best FRENCH TOYS, DOLLS,

TOM SMITH'S CRACKERS,

CADBURY'S CHOCOLATE,

PERNOT BISCUITS.

&c., &c., &c.

Hongkong, 21st November, 1908. [40]

## NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS.

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rates of Subscription to the *Hongkong  
Telegraph* (daily and weekly issues) will be as  
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WEEKLY—\$13 per annum.

The rates per quarter and per month, pro-  
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month.

The daily issue is delivered free when the  
address is accessible to messenger. Post  
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Single Copies, Daily, ten cents. Weekly,  
twenty-five cents (for cash only).

(PAYABLE IN ADVANCE.)  
There will be no rebate to Missionary  
Subscribers at present.

By Order,  
THE MANAGER,  
Hongkong Telegraph Co., Ltd.

Hongkong, 22nd December, 1908. [18]

## Dentistry.

## TSIN TING.

LATEST METHODS OF DENTISTRY.

STUDIO AT NO. 74, D'AGUIAR STREET.

REASONABLE FEE.

Consultation Free.

Hongkong, 20th June, 1904. [151]

DR. M. H. CHAN.

THE LATEST METHOD

OF THE

AMERICAN SYSTEM OF DENTISTRY.

28, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL.

Hongkong, 10th April, 1909. [31]

## Consignees.

## NORDDEUTSCHER LLOYD, BREMEN

## IMPERIAL GERMAN MAIL LINE.

## NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

THE Steamship  
"FRINZ SIGISMUND"

having arrived, Consignees of Cargo are hereby  
informed that their Goods, with the exception  
of Opium, Treasure and Valuables, are being  
landed and stored at their risk into the  
hazardous and/or extra hazardous Godowns  
of the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Go-  
down Company, Limited, Kowloon, whence  
delivery may be obtained.

No Claims will be admitted after the Goods  
have left the Godowns, and all Goods remain-  
ing undelivered after the 9th of April, will be  
subject to sale.

All broken, chafed, and damaged Goods are  
to be left in the Godowns, where they will be  
examined on the 9th of April, at 9.30 A.M.

All claims must reach us before the 13th  
of April, 1909, or they will not be recognized.  
No Fire Insurance will be effected.



Intimation.

A. S. WATSON & CO., LIMITED.

ESTABLISHED A.D. 1841.

CHEMISTS

BY APPOINTMENT TO HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR AND HOUSEHOLD.

Watson's HYGIENOL, AND BUBONIC PLAGUE!

It has been proved by repeated experiments that "WATSON'S HYGIENOL" is the most potent agent for the destruction of flies, especially rat flies.

It has now been proved that Plague is conveyed to human beings by means of flies from rats which have died of this disease.

All risk of infection can be avoided by washing the floors, etc., or sprinkling where the flies are likely to be with a dilute solution of "WATSON'S HYGIENOL." A teaspoonful to a pint of water, or a teaspoonful to three gallons, makes a solution of the strength required for this purpose.

HYGIENOL IS A POWERFUL DISINFECTANT AND GERMICIDE.

Price per Pint ..... 50 cents  
" " Gallon ..... \$2.00

A. S. WATSON & CO., LIMITED.

HONGKONG DISPENSARY

AND KOWLOON DISPENSARY.

Hongkong, 17th March, 1909.

The Hongkong Telegraph

HONGKONG, WEDNESDAY, APRIL 7, 1909.

JAPAN FROM THE OUTSIDE.

It is a curious fact, which must have struck the Far Eastern reader that European observers or, as they would probably prefer to be termed, historians are seldom able to approach the study of Japan's rise and progress without indulging in what the Americans term high falutin' farragoes. The mere idea that Japan should have become one of the Powers within a couple of generations seems to obsess their minds and obscure their judgment. They forget that the historian's duty is to tell a plain, unvarnished story. They prefer to indulge in grandiose platitudes regarding this, that and the next thing referring especially to Darius and Alexander, with sidelights on Umar and his chroniclers. Now a book has been written by a Russian, of all people, which is fair, impartial and critical without being verbose. It is entitled "The Political and Economic Organisation of Japan," and it gives in interesting language most of the facts contained in that extraordinarily dry work known as "The Japan Yearbook." The author is named Gregory Wilenkin, and the book is translated by the Editor of the Japan Advertiser. According to English journals published in Japan the English edition is a most lucid exposition of the points dealt with, and will be found of great value to all English-speaking business-men and others who have connections with this country. A brief résumé of the contents of the book will indicate its nature. After some chapters on the origin of the Japanese, Japan before the Restoration, the abolition of the Feudal System, etc., the work deals with the history of the political parties and the promulgation of the Constitution of which it gives a summary. We then find chapters on the modern political organisation of Japan, the history of her currency circulation, and her banking system. The principal banks of Japan are dealt with individually, the information given comprising the objects of the bank and tabulated lists of its officers.

counts for ten years. The Imperial Budget is then dealt with and explained, as far as it can be explained, and a detailed description of Japan's State revenues follows. This includes the various taxes, their incidence, and the amounts derived from them over a period of years; monopolies, railway nationalisation, Customs duties, etc. State expenditure is then explained, and its distribution explained. Chapters follow on the foreign trade of Japan, with comparative tables of exports and imports since 1873, shipping, agriculture, mining, marine, and general industry, Japanese possessions, and Japan's national wealth. Mr Wilenkin, in common with many others, is greatly struck by the manner in which Japan has become transformed from an administrative point of view. He concludes his interesting chapter on the rise of political parties by the following paragraph: "The question involuntarily arises, how to explain this unprecedented fact in history—the transition of a State from feudalism to such an extreme as a constitutional form of government almost without any bloodshed and all those horrors which political revolutions bring in their train? The Mikado solemnly promised to grant a Constitution, but the people were obliged to wait for it ten years. This is explained by the following reasons: (1) With the promulgation of the Imperial Rescript promising the grant of a Constitution the ferment which had arisen among the people began to subside; here a characteristic feature of the Japanese asserts itself—their unbounded loyalty to the Mikado and faith in him; (2) the idea of a 'constitutional' form of government was inculcated in Japan gradually and not suddenly; from time immemorial the Japanese people had enjoyed the right of direct appeal to the Mikado in the event of special necessity; in the middle ages, when the authority of the Mikado collapsed and the Shoguns usurped it, the people were deprived of this right, but with the re-establishment of the Imperial authority the ancient privileges of the people were again restored; (3) Japan, in introducing a Constitution, had before her the example of other constitutional countries, and therefore both the Government and the people strove to avoid, as far as possible, undesirable results, and to the necessary extent made mutual concessions; and finally (4) the Japanese, in spite of an impulsive character, are distinguished by conservatism in serious questions, and reluctantly sever traditional ties. This explains the reason for the peaceful acceptance of the Constitution." We offer no explanation or opinion, although we cannot hold ourselves in entire agreement with the writer. Dealing with Japan's military exploits and the mistrust which her programme for expansion of armaments fosters, the author says:—"It is only fair to note that in Japan itself the policy of increased armament is beginning to encounter powerful opponents; voices are loudly proclaiming that with the conclusion of the Anglo-Japanese alliance and the establishment of friendly ententes with France and Russia, no foreign danger threatens Japan, and that she must therefore abstain from any further expansion of armaments, the more so seeing that the means therefore are not in sight. During 1908-9 the Government can probably carry out the contemplated programme without a large deficit, thanks to the balance from the War Fund and the payment for the maintenance of the Russian prisoners, but after 1909 these sources will no longer exist and the question therefore involuntarily arises. How then will Japan cover the annual deficit? Two sources for this purpose are spoken of—the increase of existing taxes and new Government monopolies, but it is extremely doubtful that the Government will resort to them as permanent sources; the existing taxes are already so high that further raising of them would be an intolerable burden on the people. The total amount of State expenditure of Japan for 1907-8 exceeded 616 million yen, which, for a population of 48½ millions, constitutes about 12.65 yen per capita; taking on an average a family of five persons, we thus see that the head of a family participates in State expenditures at the rate of 1.63 yen, which constitutes a very high figure in comparison with the small incomes of the Japanese." With regard to regard to monopolies M. Wilenkin shows that this source also is unpromising—"There remains a second source—the expansion of Government monopoly to embrace sugar and salt, but this measure would hardly be popular. The existing Government monopolies on camphor, salt, and tobacco, and, lastly, the nationalisation of the railways elicit incessant reproaches from the people; owing to the artificially maintained high price of camphor, Japanese camphor is already beginning to feel competition from China; salt, which constitutes an article of prime necessity among the poor population and is so indispensable for the preparation of dried fish, is more and more rising in price in consequence of the monopoly. Tobacco, with the introduction of the monopoly, has deteriorated in quality and at the same time risen in price; the railways with their transfer to the State are characterised by unpunctuality and confusion." The author adduces

now to show the indebtedness of Japan to foreign countries and concludes thus:—"All these facts prove that Japan is in need of a constant inflow of foreign gold, and therefore, if she wishes to retain the position which she occupies among foreign Powers, she must direct all her energies to the development of the economic forces of the country, to the expansion of her trade and industry, and above all confine herself to a normal budget commensurate with the ordinary revenues of the country." With those dicta in front of us we may not be in accord; but they certainly show that the real observer is not blind to the remarkable progress made by our ally within the last few years especially. At the same time we should have liked to hear something regarding her internal capacity for recuperation.

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

ARSON is suspected as the cause of the fire in the Japanese Pantheon. The damage exceeds Yen 4,000,000 in value.

Miss May Sutton, the famous lawn-tennis player, who won the English championship in 1907, will visit England again next summer, and will bring with her a team of picked players.

THE Ministry of the Interior has drawn up statistical forms to show the number of foreign residents in the interior of China; these forms are required to be filled in by the provincial officials.

It is reported that the Ministry of Finance is endeavouring to extend the use of Chinese money abroad, and that it considers a beginning should be made in the South Pacific Islands and the coast Ports of Japan.

It is stated that the captain of the German steamer *Loongmoon*, now under charter to the Russian Volunteer Fleet, on the Vladivostok-Tsuraigo line, has been fined 4,000 roubles in connection with the alleged case of smuggling by one of the crew as recently reported.

H. E. Li Ching-hai, Viceroy designate of Yunnan province, has asked the Ministry of Finance for an allowance of 115,000,000 a year for expenses in that province, and has stated that his acceptance of the Viceroyal position depends upon the answer he shall receive.

It is stated that the Grand Council recently had a conference on the subject of ensuring peace and harmony between Christian converts and non-Christians in China. H.E. Grand Councillor Chang Chih-long advocated that China should exercise her own church control and appoint her own preachers, and clergy; this scheme, he thought, might attain the object in view.

THE Ministry of War has received a report from the Viceroy of Kwangtung stating that four gun-boats have been completed for service on the West River. They cost Tls. 67,300 each, and can steam twelve or thirteen knots an hour; they carry four guns and a Krupp or magazine, and are fitted up with electric light, searchlight and wireless telegraphic apparatus.

A VLADIVOSTOCK dispatch states that the fishing rights of the various districts along the Siberian coast will again be allotted to the highest bidder and the auction for their disposal on those conditions was commenced on the 20th ultimo. At the opening of the proceedings 80 Japanese and 30 Russians took part. As the latter are financed by capitalists, and the number of participants is unusually great, the competition is expected to be keen and prices good.

A MOJIT dispatch, quoted by the *Nagasaki Press*, reports that Honda Takeo, aged 36, formerly a clerk in Messrs. Jardine, Matheson & Co.'s Shimonoeki office, who absconded about a year ago, after heavy defalcations, and was sentenced in his absence to eleven years' imprisonment, an additional fine of ¥5, and six months' police supervision, surrendered himself at the Yamaguchi Chibo Saibansho on the 22nd ultimo. It appears that Honda Takeo, whilst in the office mentioned, surreptitiously collected certain sums of money from the Shimonoeki office of an Osaka firm, due to his employers, amounting in all to about ¥70,000. He managed to do this during the period between October, 1907, and May of last year, when he cleared out. He subsequently surrendered himself as stated and made a full confession. He is reported to be a native of Minami-Takakura, Nagasaki-ken. In consequence of Honda having surrendered himself his sentence has been reduced from eleven years to eighteen months' imprisonment.

SUGAR IN JAPAN.

STOCKS RUNNING SHORT.

A Tokio message to the *Asahi* states that in consequence of the recent suspension of work by the Dai Nippon and the Yokohama and Kobe Sugar Refining companies, the stock of refined sugar, which was about 200,000 bags at the end of last year, has now decreased to one-half and may be exhausted by the home consumption alone in one month, as the harvest season is now commencing. The Dai Nippon Company, which resumed work at its Osaka factory before the other two companies, is producing 1,000 bags a day for home consumption and export, while the Kobe Company is producing about 800 bags a day. The Yokohama Company, which is producing 1,000 of 150 lbs bags daily, was to again suspend work for a week from yesterday, says the *Kobe Herald* of 27th ult. It is very much feared that the delay in the completion of the adjustment of the Dai Nippon Company's affairs at this juncture will cause heavy losses to the Company and its shareholders.

THE NEW ANGLO-SIAMSE TREATY.

BANGKOK OPINION.

The Bangkok Times says:—We received the following from the office of the General Adviser:—

A treaty between Siam and Great Britain was signed by the Minister for Foreign Affairs for Siam and the British Minister on March 10, 1909.

The objects of the treaty are, first, to settle political questions in the Malay Peninsula, and secondly, in view of the altered conditions which have arisen in the last 50 years, to make changes in the system of jurisdiction over British subjects in Siam.

As to jurisdiction, all British subjects registered in the British Consulates before the date of the treaty are subject to the International Courts—Courts which have been in operation and exercised jurisdiction over British subjects in the North for 25 years. All British subjects registered after the date of the treaty are subject to the jurisdiction of the ordinary Siamese Courts. When the Siamese Codes are completed, this distinction will disappear and all British subjects will be under the jurisdiction of the ordinary Courts.

Guarantees are provided in the form of European advisers in all cases in either class of Courts where British subjects are defendants or accused. When a European British subject is a party, the adviser will sit in the capacity of judge.

All appeals lie to the Bangkok Court of Appeal, in which judgments are to be signed by two European judges.

Henceforward British subjects will be relieved of the restrictions upon the holding of landed property, etc. They will be subject to taxation.

Upon the above communiqué the Bangkok Times remarks:—

Presumably we may say the expected has happened. The terms of the British Treaty signed in Bangkok to-day, so far as they are disclosed in the official announcement, are such as have been discussed by British subjects here for a long time past. They have been known at least as the possible outcome of the negotiations that have been going on now for two years. That these terms would not be generally welcomed by the British community here must have been fully realised when the treaty was signed, and the feeling of disappointment we may say, extends through the whole foreign community. That community is here for business purposes, and regards the question of jurisdiction solely from that point of view. The period of commercial depression is not yet over and it is feared that so great a change may have an unsettling effect that will make business more difficult. Such fears may be unfounded for, but they exist. The European man of business is not unaware of the great advance that has been achieved in the administration of justice, and it is, therefore, hoped that confidence in the courts will not be of slow growth. Much stress also is laid on the success of the International Court system in the North, together with the guarantees provided by the treaty in shape of European advisers and judges. For our own part we see no reason to alter the opinion we have already expressed. The progress of Siam makes the change inevitable and it might have been asked for as a right on the completion of the Codes, when, for instance, the Japanese will, under treaty, come under Siamese jurisdiction. The status of this Kingdom among the nations is, however, being advanced earlier by a preliminary step, and foreign residents without distinction will be heartily glad if the fears are disproved and the added responsibility is fully justified.

Mr. Paget takes the treaty with him to London, and we are informed no further particulars will be given regarding it till it is in the Foreign Office there. Necessarily it does not come into force till it is ratified. We may assume, however, that the clauses regarding the cession of territory and the Peninsula railway are in the main what has been already announced. It is emphatically asserted that extra-territorial rights have not been bartered for territory, but that is not likely to be the view of the man in the street. Anyhow the settlement of these political questions in the Peninsula and the changes in the system of jurisdiction over British subjects, are the two main parts of the treaty. We doubt the wisdom of such a combination from the point of view of either Britain or Siam.

PRISONER IN A BOX.

CURIOUS ESCAPE OF CHINESE FEMALE CONVICT.

A curious story of the escape of a Chinese female prisoner from Pudu Jail was told in the police court yesterday, says the *Malay Mail*, of February 23rd. The prisoner, who had served three months' out of a term of 2½ years' imprisonment for kidnapping, escaped from Pudu on the 4th ultimo. The chief European warder, it appears, saw the prisoner about 3.30 p.m. on that day, but at 6 o'clock received a report and discovered that the prisoner was not in the female ward. On investigation he found a ladder by the wall, and also two sarongs which had been tied together hanging over the wall. A Chinaman was charged with helping the prisoner to escape. A Chinese bullock-cart driver stated that the second accused had engaged his cart to convey a sideboard and a box to Kijang. He took the driver to Pudu where the furniture was placed on the cart, and at 9 p.m. they started for Kijang. On the way the woman got into the cart and hid herself in the box. Later on the man got into the cart. About 11 p.m. when they had got to the sixth mile, they stopped and the woman came out. The woman was found and arrested as well as the man. Mr. Herford sentenced both to six months' imprisonment, the woman to take the expiration of the previous sentence.

EXTRACTION PROCEEDINGS.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

Canton, 6th April.

The Deputy of Foreign Affairs (Sir Wing Nib) left here yesterday for Hongkong on a commission to apply to the Hongkong Government for the extradition of certain alleged robbers, who have been arrested in Hongkong.

LIKIN COLLECTION.

The collection of Likin dues in Canton for the first ten days of this month as reported by the Likin officials amounted to 50,619.210 taels.

PURCHASE OF ARMAMENTS.

The Board of Reorganisation has submitted a suggestion to the Viceroy for the purchase of eighteen quick-firing guns at an estimated cost of 800,700 taels, for the use of the newly-organised troops at Canton. It is ascertained that if the Viceroy's sanction is secured, an order will be placed with Messrs. Carlwils & Co. or another leading German firm for the supply of the armaments.

Telegram.

"HONGKONG TELEGRAPH" SERVICE. CANTON-KOWLOON RAILWAY.

FOUNDATION STONE OF GENERAL OFFICES LAID TO-DAY.

REMARKABLE ARRAY OF BRITISH AND CHINESE OFFICIALS.

[From Our Special Representative.]

Shamoon, 7th April.

In accordance with arrangements previously detailed, the Viceroy of the two Kwang Provinces, His Excellency Chang Yen-chun, formally performed the ceremony of laying the foundation stone of the general office and station buildings, which are being erected at Tai Sha Tau, to-day.

These buildings will be the headquarters for those connected with the operation of the railway works of the Chinese section of the Canton-Kowloon line.

Many military and naval officials, both British and Chinese, were present.

The Governor of Hongkong, Sir Frederick Lugard, his aides-de-camp, and several Consular representatives were in attendance.

The party visited the works and afterwards sat down to a sumptuous tiffin.

Subsequently, the Chinese managing director, His Excellency Taotai Wei Han, proposed success to the works, at the same time referring to the progress of the British section.

His Excellency Sir Francis Lugard responded.

The Consul-General at Canton, Mr. Fox, proposed the toast "Prosperity to the Chinese section of the Canton-Kowloon railway," to which an enthusiastic response was given.

The representative of the British and Chinese Corporation replied in appropriate terms.

Following him came the Chief Engineer of the line, who mentioned that the probable completion of the through line was in sight.

Our Canton correspondent, writing under yesterday's date, says:—There will be a remarkable event celebrated to-morrow (7th instant) in the city of Canton, when H.E. Chang Yen-chun will lay the foundation stone of the principal station at the eastern suburb of the Canton-Kowloon Railway (Chinese section) opposite Tai-sha-tau. Invitations have been issued by Taotai Wei Han, Director of the Railway Department, cordially inviting the Consuls representing various countries and the leading members of the foreign community in Canton on the occasion. The Director has also directed a steam-launch to be moored off Shamoon at 10 o'clock in the morning to be placed at the disposal of guests on the Shamoon who will proceed to Tai-sha-tau, where they will land. In the morning, H.E. Viceroy Chang will personally conduct the guests round the railway works and at 12.30 p.m. H.E. will perform the ceremony of laying the foundation stone, at the conclusion of which the guests will be entertained to dinner at 1.30 p.m. A large gathering will doubtless be present on the auspicious occasion.

CANTON DAY BY DAY.

EXTRACTION PROCEEDINGS.

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THE PRATAS ISLANDS.

AMICABLE NEGOTIATIONS PROCEEDING.

Tokio, April 6th.

Telegrams.

"HONGKONG TELEGRAPH" SERVICE.

PRATAS ISLANDS.

VICEROY CHANG TO REMAIN FIRM.

[By courtesy of the "Sheng Po"]

Peking, 6th April.

The Waiwupu has sent a telegram to the Viceroy of Canton in which His Excellency is urged to take up a firm attitude in conducting the negotiations with Japan on the subject of Pratas Islands.

CHINA'S CURRENCY.

NEW PROPOSALS BY BOARD OF FINANCE.

[By courtesy of the "Sheng Po"]

Peking, 6th April.

The Board of Finance has decided to adopt a seven mace two candareens (7.2) coin as the standard and has specially memorialised the Throne on the matter.

CHINESE CONSULATES.

PROPOSED OFFICERS AT HONGKONG AND JAVA.

[By courtesy of the "Sheng Po"]

Peking, 6th April.

It is reported that the Waiwupu is in treaty with the British and Dutch Ministers over the question of establishing Chinese Consulates at Hongkong and in Java for the maintenance of Chinese interests.

OPIUM IN PEKING.

DRASTIC MEASURES IN THE CAPITAL.

[By courtesy of the "Sheng Po"]

Peking, 6th April.

The forty-eight establishments in Peking dealing in prepared opium have received orders from the authorities to close their business.

TANG SHAO-YI.

RECEIVED BY THE KAISER.

[By courtesy of the "Sheng Po"]

Peking, 6th April.

A telegram has been received from His Excellency Tang Shao-yi, from Berlin, stating that he was received in audience by His Majesty the German Emperor on the 1st inst.

SHANGHAI SETTLEMENT.

SIR JOHN JORDAN'S ADVOCACY.

[By courtesy of the "Sheng Po"]

Peking, 6th April.

The British Minister at Peking, Sir John Jordan, has attended two meetings of the Waiwupu during the present month in order to forward the claim that the bounds of the Shanghai Settlement should be extended.

A BANK DRIFT QUESTION.

RESPONSIBILITY OF A BANK.

The case in which Man Lee Chun and Co. sued the International Banking Corporation for \$40 in respect to a bank draft came before the Mr. Justice Compton, at the Supreme Court, this morning.



## OPIUM ON MORTALITY.

## RESULT OF ACTUARIAL INVESTIGATIONS.

We have received from Mr. S. B. Neill, F.I.A., actuary of the China Mutual Life Insurance Co., Ltd., Shanghai, a copy of a brochure on the effect of opium on mortality. The memorandum was presented to the delegates at the recent International Conference at Shanghai. It is as follows:—

In the following paper will be found the results of an investigation made as to the effects of opium upon mortality, as experienced by the China Mutual Life Insurance Company, Ltd.

One of the first subjects which called for my attention when appointed actuary to this Company was the mortality experienced by the Chinese and other nationalities in the East, as compared with the mortality prevailing among Europeans. The calculation of premiums, and the equitable distribution of surplus, among other things, made such inquiry necessary.

Preparations were accordingly made for the scheduling of the experience, with particular regard to the comparative rate of mortality prevailing among:—

- (1) Opium smokers and non-opium smokers.
- (2) Chinese and other races.
- (3) Lives resident in temperate, sub-tropical and tropical climates.

With regard to the comparative mortality prevailing among opium smokers and non-opium smokers, I was unable to trace that any previous statistical inquiry had been made. A report had been given before the Commission on opium in India in 1873 by Mr. Slater on the effect of opium on mortality, to which the following reference appears in the *Journal of the Institute of Actuaries*, vol. 31, page 57:—

"Some interesting information with regard to the modern growth of life assurance in India may also be found in the evidence of Mr. Slater and of various medical men resident in that country, given before the Opium Commission in 1873. From this evidence we learn that the practice of life assurance among the natives is considerably increasing, and that assurance companies will accept a proposal from a man who takes opium as readily as if he did not, if he otherwise respects his life as an eligible one."

During the first decade of the history of the Oriental it was considered expedient to make a small extra for opium consumers in moderate quantities, more, however, as an extra precautionary measure than on account of any proved ill effects of the opium habit. At the end of this period an investigation was made into the matter and it was then ascertained that out of 167 deaths not a single one was due either directly or indirectly to opium. The ratio experienced for every 100 deaths computed by the H.M. Table was—British, 154; Eurasians, 82; natives, 103.

Since while British lives experienced 54 per cent. greater mortality than what was the case in this country, that of the native Indian lives had been precisely the same as that shown by the H.M. Table. The result of this investigation modified the practice of imposing extra, and it was stated that it sometimes happened that when a life proved exceptionally healthy no extra at all was made for opium smoking.

A further investigation took place six years later, the number of deaths being 779, when it was found that the mortality of British lives in India was 52 per cent. greater than that of the H.M. Table, while that of the aggregate native lives was only 16 per cent. greater. Here again, it appeared that no death was due to opium, and in view of the additional light thrown upon the subject by this experience, the management decided in future to charge no extra whatever to opium smokers.

The report referred to above deals with the effect of opium on the mortality of the policyholders in the Company at Chinese, and it was to the effect of opium upon them that attention was first directed. This investigation of Chinese opium users evoked, as this investigation differs from that of Mr. Slater. Not only so, but the final results differ considerably from Mr. Slater's.

I therefore ventured to hope that a summary of the experience would not be without interest to this Commission, and with the cordial permission of my directors the present paper was written.

In order to collect the data for scheduling, the usual plan was followed of writing cards for each life which had been proposed for insurance in the Company. The nearest age at date of entry was entered on the card as age at entry and the age at exit was found by adding the nearest integral number of years the life was under observation to the age at entry.

The amount of opium used was also entered on the cards.

The cards were scheduled and the number of "Exposed to Risk" and "Deaths" at each age obtained. There were 23,456 lives under observation, giving 16,038 years exposure and 549 deaths. The "Exposed to Risk" and "Deaths" were afterwards grouped in quinquennial age groups. Thus, the "Exposed to Risk" and "Deaths" at ages 18-22 were entered against age 20, and the "Exposed to Risk" and "Deaths" at ages 23-27 were entered against age 25, and so on, with the exception of the first group, age 17 and under, which includes 8 years of exposure at ages less than 13, and the last group, which includes all ages at age 58 and over, the years of exposure over age 53 being only 4.

These figures, together with the "Rates of Mortality" obtained therefrom, will be found in Table I. No attempt has been made to graduate these rates, which are simply obtained by dividing the "Deaths" by the "Exposed to Risk" at the corresponding ages.

This table, which shows the rates of mortality deduced from the total Chinese lives under observation, will be useful later in comparing the rates obtained by sub-dividing the experience.

## TOTAL EXPERIENCE.

Table I.

Age	Exposed to Risk	Deaths	Rate of Mortality
17 and under	1,000	14	0.014
20	1,000	14	0.014
25	1,000	14	0.014
30	1,000	14	0.014
35	1,000	14	0.014
40	1,000	14	0.014
45	1,000	14	0.014
50	1,000	14	0.014
55	1,000	14	0.014
60	1,000	14	0.014
65	1,000	14	0.014
70	1,000	14	0.014
75	1,000	14	0.014
80	1,000	14	0.014
85	1,000	14	0.014
90	1,000	14	0.014
95	1,000	14	0.014
100	1,000	14	0.014

Table II.

Age	Exposed to Risk	Deaths	Rate of Mortality
17 and under	1,000	14	0.014
20	1,000	14	0.014
25	1,000	14	0.014
30	1,000	14	0.014
35	1,000	14	0.014
40	1,000	14	0.014
45	1,000	14	0.014
50	1,000	14	0.014
55	1,000	14	0.014
60	1,000	14	0.014
65	1,000	14	0.014
70	1,000	14	0.014
75	1,000	14	0.014
80	1,000	14	0.014
85	1,000	14	0.014
90	1,000	14	0.014
95	1,000	14	0.014
100	1,000	14	0.014

Table III.

Age	Exposed to Risk	Deaths	Rate of Mortality
17 and under	1,000	14	0.014
20	1,000	14	0.014
25	1,000	14	0.014
30	1,000	14	0.014
35	1,000	14	0.014
40	1,000	14	0.014
45	1,000	14	0.014
50	1,000	14	0.014
55	1,000	14	0.014
60	1,000	14	0.014
65	1,000	14	0.014
70	1,000	14	0.014
75	1,000	14	0.014
80	1,000	14	0.014
85	1,000	14	0.014
90	1,000	14	0.014
95	1,000	14	0.014
100	1,000	14	0.014

Table IV.

Age	Exposed to Risk	Deaths	Rate of Mortality
17 and under	1,000	14	0.014
20	1,000	14	0.014
25	1,000	14	0.014
30	1,000	14	0.014
35	1,000	14	0.014
40	1,000	14	0.014
45	1,000	14	0.014
50	1,000	14	0.014
55	1,000	14	0.014
60	1,000	14	0.014
65	1,000	14	0.014
70	1,000	14	0.014
75	1,000	14	0.014
80	1,000	14	0.014
85	1,000	14	0.014
90	1,000	14	0.014
95	1,000	14	0.014
100	1,000	14	0.014

Table V.

Age	Exposed to Risk	Deaths	Rate of Mortality
17 and under	1,000	14	0.014
20	1,000	14	0.014
25	1,000	14	0.014
30	1,000	14	0.014
35	1,000	14	0.014
40	1,000	14	0.014
45	1,000	14	0.014
50	1,000	14	0.014
55	1,000	14	0.014
60	1,000	14	0.014
65	1,000	14	0.014
70	1,000	14	0.014
75	1,000	14	0.014
80	1,000	14	0.014
85	1,000	14	0.014
90	1,000	14	0.014
95	1,000	14	0.014
100	1,000	14	0.014

Table VI.

Age	Exposed to Risk	Deaths	Rate of Mortality
17 and under	1,000	14	0.014
20	1,000	14	0.014
25	1,000	14	0.014
30	1,000	14	0.014
35	1,000	14	0.014
40	1,000	14	0.014
45	1,000	14	0.014
50	1,000	14	0.014
55	1,000	14	0.014
60	1,000	14	0.014
65	1,000	14	0.014
70	1,000	14	0.014
75	1,000	14	0.014
80	1,000	14	0.014
85	1,000	14	0.014
90	1,000	14	0.014
95	1,000	14	0.014
100	1,000	14	0.014

Table VII.

Age	Exposed to Risk	Deaths	Rate of Mortality
17 and under	1,000	14	0.014
20	1,000	14	0.014
25	1,000	14	0.014
30	1,000	14	0.014
35	1,000	14	0.014
40	1,000	14	0.014
45	1,000	14	0.014
50	1,000	14	0.014
55	1,000	14	0.014
60	1,000	14	0.014
65	1,000	14	0.014
70	1,000	14	0.014
75	1,000	14	0.014
80	1,000	14	0.014
85	1,000	14	0.014
90	1,000	14	0.014
95	1,000	14	0.014
100	1,000	14	0.014

Table VIII.

Age	Exposed to Risk	Deaths	Rate of Mortality
17 and under	1,000	14	0.014
20	1,000	14	0.014
25	1,000	14	0.014
30	1,000	14	0.014
35	1,000	14	0.014
40	1,000	14	0.014
45	1,000	14	0.014
50	1,000	14	0.014
55	1,000	14	0.014
60	1,000	14	0.014
65	1,000	14	0.014
70	1,000	14	0.014
75	1,000	14	0.014
80	1,000	14	0.014
85	1,000	14	0.014
90	1,000	14	0.014
95	1,000	14	0.014
100	1,000	14	0.014

Table IX.

Age	Exposed to Risk	Deaths	Rate of Mortality
17 and under	1,000	14	0.014
20	1,000	14	0.014
25	1,000	14	0.014
30	1,000	14	0.014
35	1,000	14	0.014
40	1,000	14	0.014
45	1,000	14	0.014
50	1,000	14	0.014
55	1,000	14	0.014
60	1,000	14	0.014
65	1,000	14	0.014
70	1,000	14	0.014
75	1,000	14	0.014
80	1,000	14	0.014
85	1,000	14	0.014
90	1,000	14	0.014
95	1,000	14	0.014
100	1,000	14	0.014

Table X.

Age	Exposed to Risk	Deaths	Rate of Mortality
17 and under	1,000	14	0.014
20	1,000	14	0.014
25	1,000	14	0.014
30	1,000	14	0.014
35	1,000	14	0.014
40	1,000	14	0.014
45	1,000	14	0.014
50	1,000	14	0.014
55	1,000	14	0.014
60	1,000	14	0.014
65	1,000	14	0.014
70	1,000	14	0.014
75	1,000	14	0.014
80	1,000	14	0.014
85	1,000	14	0.014
90	1,000	14	0.014
95	1,000	14	0.014
100	1,000	14	0.014

35	4,945	77	0.016
40	4,849	77	0.016
45	3,517	69	0.020
50	2,438	78	0.032
55	1,492	53	0.035
60	660	43	0.065
and over			
Total	26,038	549	

The cards were then sorted into two groups, opium smokers and non-opium smokers, and in table 2 is given the "Exposed to Risk," "Deaths," and the "Rates of Mortality" obtained from these figures. A comparison of the rate in table 2 will be more conveniently left till later in the paper.

It should be noted that in making the division between opium smokers and non-opium smokers, one had to depend on the answers given to the medical examiner during the examination necessary for the issue of a policy. It is therefore possible that some opium smokers are included in the "non-opium smokers" group, but it is very improbable that any non-opium smokers are included in the "opium smokers" group.

## TOTAL NON-OPIUM SMOKERS AND OPIUM SMOKERS.

Age	Non-opium Smokers	Opium Smokers	Rate of Mortality
17 and under	208	2	0.014
20	827	12	0.015
25	2,381	47	0.020
30	3,098	53	0.017
35	3,945	56	0.014
40	3,784	51	0.013
45	2,718	48	0.018
50	1,729	67	0.039
55	1,126	35	0.031
60	521	33	0.063
and over			
Total	21,007	405	0.019

It was considered that the effects of opium smoking might vary with the climate to which the lives were exposed. The cards were accordingly again sub-sorted into two divisions; one including lives residing in Foch











## SHARE QUOTATIONS.

Supplied by Messrs. B. S. KADOORIE &amp; Co. Corrected to noon; later alterations given under "Commercial Intelligence," page 5

STOCKS	NO. OF SHARES	VALUE	PAID UP	POSITION AS PER LAST REPORT	LAST DIVIDEND	CLOSING QUOTATIONS
				RESERVE	ADJUSTING ACCOUNT	
<b>BANKS.</b>						
Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation	120,000	\$125	\$125	{ \$1,500,000 \$14,500,000 \$16,000,000 }	\$2,000,234	{ Final of £2 and bonus of 5/- for 1908 @ ex 1/8/11 = \$25.024
National Bank of China, Limited	99,925	£7	£6	{ £4,000 \$150,000 }	\$10,833	\$2 (London 9/6) for 1903
<b>MARINE INSURANCE.</b>						
Canton Insurance Office, Limited	10,000	\$250	\$50	{ \$1,500,000 \$233,737 \$141,000 \$125,000 }	none	\$14 for 1907
North China Insurance Company, Limited	10,000	£45	£5	{ Tls. 150,000 Tls. 207,747 Tls. 118,277 }	Tls. 160,512	Final of 7/6 making 25/- for 1907
Union Insurance Society of Canton, Limited	12,400	\$250	\$100	{ \$500,000 \$502,478 \$129,693 \$737,649 }	\$2,506,012	{ Final of \$14 making \$45 for 1908 and interim of \$30 for 1907
Yangtze Insurance Association, Limited	12,000	\$100	\$60	{ \$1,000,000 \$109,032 \$85,157 }	\$591,764	\$12 and bonus \$3 for 1908
<b>FIRE INSURANCE.</b>						
China Fire Insurance Company, Limited	5,000	\$100	\$30	{ \$1,000,000 \$18,668 \$12,803 }	\$375,341	\$6 and bonus \$2 for 1907
Hongkong Fire Insurance Company, Limited	8,000	\$250	\$50	{ \$1,000,000 \$1,181,773 }	\$368,711	\$27 for 1907
<b>SHIPPING.</b>						
China and Manila Steamship Company, Limited	30,000	\$25	\$25	{ \$7,000 \$264,638 \$299,638 }	\$14,018	\$1 for 1908
Douglas Steamship Company, Limited	20,000	\$50	\$50	{ \$100,000 \$100,000 }	Nil	\$24 for year ending 30.6.1908
Hongkong, Canton & Macao Steamboat Co., Ltd.	80,000	\$15	\$15	{ \$100,000 \$607,100 \$79,431 \$12,134 \$240,000 }	\$20,279	Final of \$12 making \$24 for 1908
Indo-China Steam Navigation Co., Ltd. (Preferred)	50,000	£5	£5	{ £100,000 £100,000 }	£13,755	{ 6/- for 1907 on Preference shares only @ ex 1/9 11/10 = \$3.154
Shanghai and Lighter Company, Limited	200,000	Tls. 50	Tls. 50	{ Tls. 75,000 Tls. 230,000 Tls. 100,000 }	Tls. 14,520	Final of Tls. 12 making Tls. 34 for 1908
"Shell" Transport and Trading Company, Limited	3,000,000	£1	£1	{ £100,000 £100,000 }	£68,817	Second interim of 1/- for a/c 1908
"Star" Ferry Company, Limited	10,000	\$10	\$5	{ \$10,000 \$47,231 }	\$98	{ \$1.00 for year ending 30.6.1908 \$0.50
Taken Tug and Lighter Company, Limited	30,000	Tls. 50	Tls. 50	{ Tls. 48,479 Tls. 44,120 Tls. 8,000 Tls. 7,000 }	Tls. 2,215	Final of Tls. 14 making Tls. 34 for 1908
<b>REFINERIES.</b>						
China Sugar Refining Company, Limited	20,000	\$100	\$100	{ \$100,000 \$100,000 }	Dr. \$5,858	\$5 for year ending 31.12.08
Union Sugar Refining Company, Limited	7,000	\$100	\$100	{ \$100,000 \$100,000 }	Dr. \$15,813	\$1 for year ending 31.12.08
Perak Sugar Cultivation Company, Limited	7,000	Tls. 50	Tls. 50	{ Tls. 100,000 Tls. 100,000 }	Tls. 9,273	\$1 for year ending 31.12.08
<b>MINING.</b>						
Chinese Engineering and Mining Company, Ltd.	1,000,000	£1	£1	{ £175,000 £12,289 £4,873 }	£11,556	{ Final of 1/6 (coupon No. 11) for year end- ing 30.12.08
Rub Australian Gold Mining Company, Limited	150,000	£1	£1	{ £100,000 £100,000 }	Dr. £2,191	{ 1/6 for 1908 No. 12 of 1/- = 48 notes
<b>DOCKS, WHARVES &amp; GODOWNS.</b>						
Fenwick (Geo.) & Co., Limited	15,000	\$25	\$25	{ \$25,000 \$25,000 }	Dr. \$7,421	\$1.75 for year ending 31.12.08
Hongkong & Kowloon Wharf and Godown Co., Ltd.	60,000	\$50	\$50	{ \$50,000 \$26,806 \$20,000 }	\$30,102	Final of \$14 making \$34 for 1907
Hongkong and Whampoa Dock Company, Ltd.	50,000	\$50	\$50	{ \$50,000 \$27,192 \$20,000 }	\$37,078	Final of \$4 making \$8 for 1908
Shanghai Dock and Engineering Co., Ltd.	55,700	Tls. 100	Tls. 100	{ Tls. 1,000,000 Tls. 607,357 Tls. 10,000 Tls. 125,000 }	Tls. 23,742	{ Interim of Tls. 24 for 6 months ending 31st October, 1908
Shanghai and Hongkong Wharf Company, Limited	30,000	Tls. 100	Tls. 100	{ Tls. 100,000 Tls. 100,000 }	Tls. 32,818	Final of Tls. 6 making Tls. 10 for 1908
<b>LANDS, HOTELS &amp; BUILDINGS.</b>						
Anglo-French Land Investment Co., Ltd.	25,000	Tls. 100	Tls. 100	{ Tls. 25,000 \$10,000 \$10,000 }	Tls. 6,531	Tls. 6 for 1907
Astor House Hotel Company, Limited (Shanghai)	30,000	\$25	\$25	{ \$25,000 \$10,000 \$10,000 }	Dr. 21.41	\$2 for year ending 31.12.08
Central Stores, Limited	50,123	\$15	\$15	{ \$50,000 \$50,000 }	21.41	\$1 on old and 60 cents on first new issue
Hongkong Hotel Company, Limited	12,000	\$50	\$50	{ \$12,000 \$12,000 }	\$395	Final of 13 making 16 for 1908
Hongkong Land Investment and Agency Co., Ltd.	50,000	\$100	\$100	{ \$50,000 \$50,000 }	\$6,475	Final of \$34 making \$7 for 1908
Humphreys Estate & Finance Company, Limited	150,000	\$10	\$10	{ \$150,000 \$150,000 }	24.1.123	40 cents for 1908
Kowloon Land and Building Company, Limited	5,000	\$50	\$50	{ \$50,000 \$50,000 }	\$278	\$14 for 1908
Shanghai Land Investment Company, Limited	75,000	Tls. 50	Tls. 50	{ Tls. 1,433,045 Tls. 1,100,000 }	Tls. 142,404	{ Final of Tls. 3 and bonus of Tls. 2 making Tls. 8 for 1908
West Point Building Company, Limited	12,500	\$50	\$50	{ \$12,500 \$12,500 }	\$1,958	Final of \$2 making \$4 for 1908
<b>COTTON MILLS.</b>						
Ewo Cotton Spinning and Weaving Company, Ltd.	15,000	Tls. 50	Tls. 50	{ Tls. 150,000 Tls. 45,930 \$20,000 }	Tls. 8,820	Tls. 5 for year ended 31.10.1908
Hongkong Cotton Spinning, Weaving and Dyeing Company, Limited	125,000	\$10	\$10	{ \$125,000 \$125,000 }	\$9,553	50 cents for year ending 31.12.08
International Cotton Manufacturing Company, Ltd.	10,000	Tls. 75	Tls. 75	{ Tls. 175,000 Tls. 175,000 }	Tls. 8,372	Tls. 6 for year ended 30.9.08 (8%)
Loan-kuang-mow Cotton Spinning & Weaving Co., Ltd.	8,000	Tls. 100	Tls. 100	{ \$80,000 Tls. 31,172 }	Tls. 4,129	Tls. 4 for 1908
Soy Chee Cotton Spinning Company, Limited	2,000	Tls. 500	Tls. 500	{ \$1,000,000 Tls. 31,172 }	Tls. 15,911	Tls. 30 for 1908
<b>MISCELLANEOUS.</b>						
Bell's Asbestos Eastern Agency, Limited	8,604	£12 1/2	£12 1/2	{ £1,500 \$40,000 }	£648	1/10th p/c share of 1907 = \$1.037
China-Borneo Company, Limited	50,000	\$12 1/2	\$12 1/2	{ \$1,500 \$40,000 }	Nil	\$1.20 ex 19 8
China Light and Power Company, Limited	150,000	\$10	\$10	{ \$150,000 \$150,000 }	\$61,138	60 cents for year ended 31.12.08
China Provident Loan & Mortgage Company, Ltd.	185,000	\$10	\$10	{ \$185,000 \$185,000 }	\$3,407	80 cents for 1908
Daily Farm Company, Limited	40,000	\$7 1/2	\$6	{ \$30,000 \$8,000 }	\$48	\$1.50 for year ending 31.7.08
Green Island Cement Company, Limited	400,000	\$10	\$10	{ \$400,000 \$400,000 }	\$3,756	Final of 5/- cents making 95 cents for 1908
M. Price & Company, Limited	12,000	\$10	\$10	{ \$12,000 \$12,000 }	\$3,756	75 cents for 9 months ending 31.12.07
Hall & Holt, Limited	21,000	\$20	\$20	{ \$21,000 \$21,000 }	\$8,957	\$1 for year ending 28.2.08
Hongkong Electric Company, Limited	60,000	\$10	\$10	{ \$60,000 \$60,000 }	\$9,321	\$1 and bonus 20 cts. for year ending 29.2.08
Hongkong Ice Company, Limited	5,000	\$25	\$25	{ \$125,000 \$125,000 }	\$7,516	Final of \$15 per share making \$19 for 1908
Hongkong Rope Manufacturing Company, Ltd.	50,000	\$10	\$10	{ \$50,000 \$50,000 }	\$5,900	Final of \$1 per share making \$5 for 1908
Matschappij tot Mijn- en Landbouwerij	25,000	Ga. 100	Ga. 100	{ Tls. 147,500 Tls. 63,111 }	Tls. 116,052	{ 1st Quarterly div. of Tls. 12 for account 1909
Peak Tramways Company, Limited	35,000	\$10	\$10	{ \$35,000 \$35,000 }	\$7,471	{ 80 cents on fully paid shares and 6 cents on \$1 paid shares for year ending 30.4.08
Phillips Company, Limited	75,000	\$10	\$10	{ \$75,000 \$75,000 }	none	None
Shanghai Gas Company, Limited	24,000	Tls. 50	Tls. 50	{ Tls. 100,000 Tls. 24,820 Tls. 75,000 }	Tls. 6,503	Final of Tls. 4 making Tls. 74 for 1907
Shanghai-Sumatra Tobacco Company, Limited	30,000	Tls. 20	Tls. 20	{ Tls. 190,000 Tls. 190,000 }	Tls. 5,250	Final of Tls. 5 making Tls. 8 for 1908
Shanghai Waterworks Company, Limited	15,850	£20	£20	{ £20,000 £20,000 }	Tls. 5,833	Final of 27/6 making 58/6 for 1907
South China Morning Post, Limited	6,000	\$25	\$25	{ \$6,000 \$6,000 }	Dr. \$5,652	None
Steam Laundry Company, Limited	20,000	\$5	\$5	{ \$20,000 \$20,000 }	\$236	40 cents for year ending 31.5.08
Tientsin Waterworks Company, Limited	2,000	Tls. 100	Tls. 100	{ Tls. 15,295 Tls. 4,000 }	Tls. 301	Tls. 64 for year ending 30.4.07
Union Waterboat Company, Limited	10,000	\$10	\$10	{ \$10,000 \$10,000 }	\$172	60 cents for year ending 31.12.08
United Asbestos Oriental Agency, Limited	10,000	\$10	\$4	{ \$10,000 \$10,000 }	\$1,360	{ 60 cents on 9,000 ord. shares and \$19.80 on 100 Founders shares for yr. end 31.5.07
Watson, (A. S.) & Co., Limited	30,000	\$10	\$10	{ \$30,000 \$30,000 }	\$6,438	{ Interim of 50 cts. making 80 cts. for 1908 Final of 50 cts. making 80 cts. for 1908
Williams Powell, Limited	15,000	\$7	\$7	{ \$15,000 \$15,000 }	\$595	year ended 30th June, 1906

These shares are entitled to half of the profits

## Intimation.

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Samples on application. Coast

Port orders carefully executed.

From 1st Sept. to 30th September, 1908

D. NOMA,  
PROFESSIONAL TATTOOERAND  
THE EXPERT REMOVER OF TATTOO  
MARKS.

No. 60 QUEEN'S ROAD, CENTRAL.

PATRONISED BY Prince of Wales, then  
H. R. H. The Duke of York, and  
H. R. H. The Emperor of Russia, and having  
4,500 testimonials from all sources.My 34 years' experience in tattooing is a  
guarantee of good work and prompt execution.  
My colors are absolutely fast and perfectly  
harmless, and produce a charming effect not  
attainable by any other, as their composition is  
altogether new. In tattooing, unlike some  
species of engraving, care must be taken to  
have the work done in a perfect, high toned  
manner. In order to take special precaution  
against possible dangers, I use fresh material  
daily.The copying of Portraits with distinct  
 minuteness a specialty.

Hongkong, 1st September, 1908.

THERAPION MAY NOW ALSO BE OBTAINED  
IN DRAGON (TASTELESS) FORM.

## A BROKEN-DOWN SYSTEM.

This is a condition (or disease) to which doctors  
give many names, but which few of them really  
understand. It is simply weakness, a broken-down  
system. No matter what may be its cause (for they  
are almost innumerable), its symptoms are the same  
in all cases: the more prominent being sleeplessness,  
loss of appetite, nervousness, depression, and  
general weakness. Now, what is the remedy?  
In all such cases I have found that the use of  
THERAPION is the only remedy that will  
cure the system.VITAL STRENGTH & NEW  
ENERGY.The copying of Portraits with distinct  
 minuteness a specialty.THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY  
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## CONTINENTAL

AND

## HOME RATES.

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## WOOLEN D. LAINES, NUNSV